2 3 4	ROSNER, BARRY & BABBITT, LLP Hallen D. Rosner, SBN: 109740 Christopher T. Smith, SBN: 281599 10085 Carroll Canyon Road, Suite 100 San Diego, CA 92131 TEL: (858) 348-1005 FAX: (858) 348-1150	ELECTRONICALLY FILED Superior Court of California, County of San Diego 08/19/2013 at 03:19:00 PM Clerk of the Superior Court By Sandra Villanueva, Deputy Clerk
	Attorneys for Plaintiff and Cross-Defendant MICHAEL SHAMES	
7		
8	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT O	F THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
9	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF	SAN DIEGO, CENTRAL DIVISION
10		
11	MICHAEL SHAMES, an individual,	Case No. 37-2013-00036966-CU-DF-CTL
12	Plaintiff,	
13	v.	DECLARATION OF JEFFREY R. KRINSK IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF
	UTILITY CONSUMERS' ACTION NETWORK, DAVID PEFFER, MICHAEL AGUIRRE, AND DOES 1	AND CROSS-DEFENDANT'S OPPOSITION TO UTILITY CONSUMERS' ACTION NETWORK'S SPECIAL MOTION TO STRIKE
16	TO 50.	PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT PURSUANT TO CODE CIV. PROC.
17	Defendants.	SECTION 426.16]
18 19	UTILITY CONSUMERS' ACTION NETWORK, DAVID PEFFER, MICHAEL AGUIRRE; and DOES 1 to	"IMAGED FILE"
20	50,	Date: August 30, 2013 Time: 10:00 a.m.
21	Cross-Complainants,	Judge: Hon. Ronald S. Prager Dept: C-71
22	V.	
23	MICHAEL SHAMES, an individual, and DOES 51-100, inclusive,	Complaint Filed: February 28, 2013 Trial Date: None Set
24	Cross-Defendants.	
25		
26		
27		
28		

DECLARATION OF JEFFREY R. KRINSK

Hallen David Rosner, Esq. (SBN 109740) 1 ROSNER, BARRY & BABBITT, LLP 10085 Carroll Canyon Road, 1st Floor San Diego, CA 92131 Tel: (858) 348-1005 Fax: (858) 348-1150 4 halrosner@aol.com 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff 6 7 8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 9 COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO - CENTRAL DIVISION 10 MICHAEL SHAMES, an individual, CASE NO. 37-2013-00036966-CU-DF-CTL 11 Plaintiff, DECLARATION OF JEFFREY R. KRINSK 12 13 UTILITY CONSUMERS' ACTION Filed: February 28, 2013 NETWORK; DAVID PEFFER; MICHAEL Dept: C-71 14 AGUIRRE; and DOES 1 to 50, Judge: Hon. Ronald S. Prager Trial Date: Not yet set 15 Defendants. 16 AND RELATED CROSS-ACTION(S). 17 18 19 I, Jeffrey R. Krinsk, do hereby declare and state: 20 1. I offer the following facts as a direct witness to matters relating to allegations by 21 Defendants that Plaintiff, Michael Shames, engaged in unethical or illegal activities involving class 22 action cases in which UCAN and/or Privacy Rights Clearinghouse was either a party or participant. 23 The declaration of Kim Malcolm proposes an unethical, if not illegal, contractual arrangement 24 between non-profit consumer groups and class-action attorneys which would have a chilling effect 25 upon consumer class-action litigation if it were pursued. Moreover, Ms. Malcolm's declaration 26 implies facts about Mr. Shames and this firm that, based on my experience with Mr. Shames, are 27 patently false. 28

DECLARATION OF JEFFREY R. KRINSK

- 2. I am the partner-in-charge at Finkelstein & Krinsk, LLP. The firm works exclusively on plaintiffs' behalf in class action lawsuits. The firm's cases run a broad gambit of cases illustrated by our efforts in *In re Great American Securities Litigation*, (a class action for violations of the securities laws) and *Hurst v. Monarch Equities Corporation*, (a class action for violations of the Commodities and Exchange Act), and *In re State Farm Repair Practices* (a class action against State Farm that ended the defendant's practice in California of using non-OEM car parts). More recently, we ended a pharmacy chains' practice of using confidential prescription information to send patients marketing communications disguised as "re-fill reminders or similar," including so-called "switch programs."
- 3. My law firm has represented UCAN in two class action cases including (UCAN v. Albertsons, (Case No. GIC 8300069) and the Natural Gas Anti-Trust Cases heard before Judge Prager (JCCP 4221/4224/4226&4428) involving contesting a Sempra natural gas price-fixing settlement.
- 4. In response to an allegation made under penalty of perjury by Kim Malcolm, at paragraph 11, Ms. Malcolm states, in part:

conduct such an investigation. My intent was to determine whether I could seek remuneration from those attorneys on behalf of UCAN for their use of UCAN work products, consistent with my understanding that a charitable 501 (c)(3) organization cannot give away assets for the enrichment of others. I am not aware that UCAN's board of directors investigated the allegations that Mr. Shames had improperly provided UCAN work product at no charge to private attorneys, some of whom, according to court records, made millions of dollars in attorney fees.

- 5. As a partner and attorney in these cases, I can state unequivocally that my law firm never paid Mr. Shames either directly or indirectly in any manner for his role in the class action. He neither asked for such monies nor did we make such an offer. Mr. Shames demonstrated a high level of integrity and principled approach that characterized his dealings with this firm in the past. Any insinuation by Ms. Malcolm to the contrary is from my perspective flat out false.
 - 6. I am also troubled by Ms. Malcolm's assertion that a non-profit consumer group, such

as UCAN, is giving away an asset when it retains qualified class action attorneys to litigate a matter that would benefit the membership of that organization and/or the public at large which it represents. I am very familiar with standards employed and ethics required of a class action counsel and I would never take on a case on behalf of a public constituency were these such terms as demanded by Ms. Malcolm. Had she made that proposition to me, it would have been rejected outright.

- 7. Moreover, the suggestion that Mr. Shames or any officer of a 501(c)(3) group is acting improperly when it seeks out class action specialists at their cost and expense to remedy illegal practices by a government agency or company unless the non-profit is remunerated is naive, offensive and dysfunctional from a practical viewpoint. When a nonprofit organization takes the position that some remuneration, aside from judicially approved Class Representative incentive fees, is a precondition to litigation, that organization and the attorneys associated with such an arrangement violate California Rules of Professional Conduct Rule 2-200. They would be subject to State Bar discipline and possible legal liability. I do not believe that *any* responsible class action law firm would agree to take a case on such terms.
- 8. I also find it personally offensive and troublesome that Mr. Shames' professional reputation is attacked on the basis that he discharged his responsibilities consistent with what any conscientious non-profit administrator would have done. He identified illegal activities by companies and/or the public sector and found qualified law firms willing to contest the practice and secure reimbursement for the putative class members affected by the improper class action jurisprudence practice. To view such cases as an asset of the non-profit runs contradicts to sound public policy and law.

I declare under penalty of perjury pursuant to the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 16 day of August, 2013, at San Diego, California.

Jeffrey R. Krinsk